



Australian Government

Australian Skills Quality Authority

# REPORT

**MEETING WITH ADULT LEARNING AUSTRALIA –  
5 OCTOBER 2017**

**REGULATORY ACTIVITY & KEY ISSUES: 1 JULY 2011 –  
30 JUNE 2017**



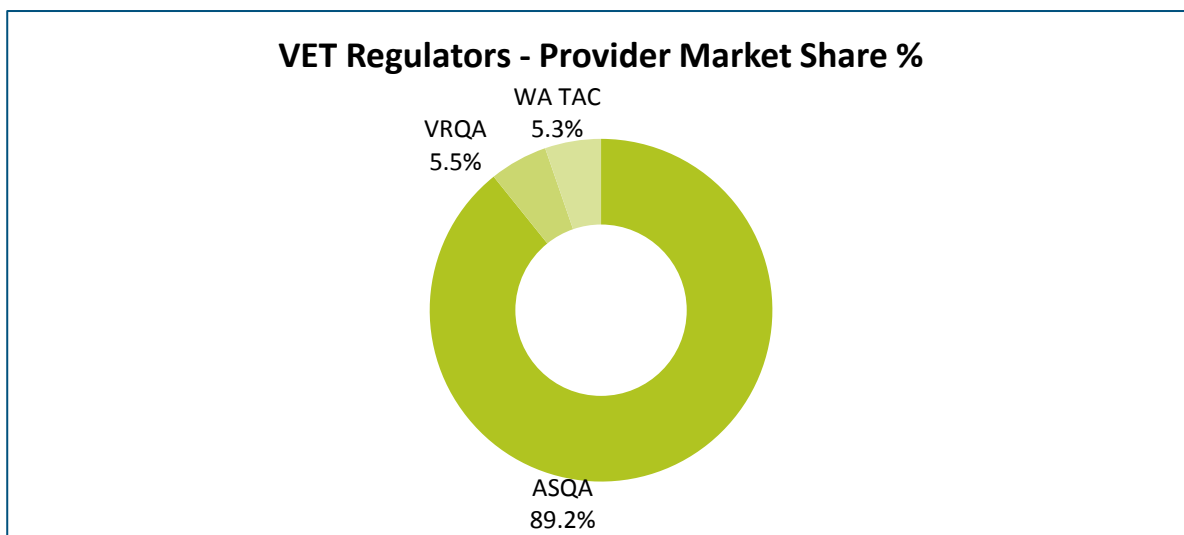


# National Overview & Regulatory Activity: 1 July 2011 – 30 June 2017

## National Overview – Registered Training Organisations

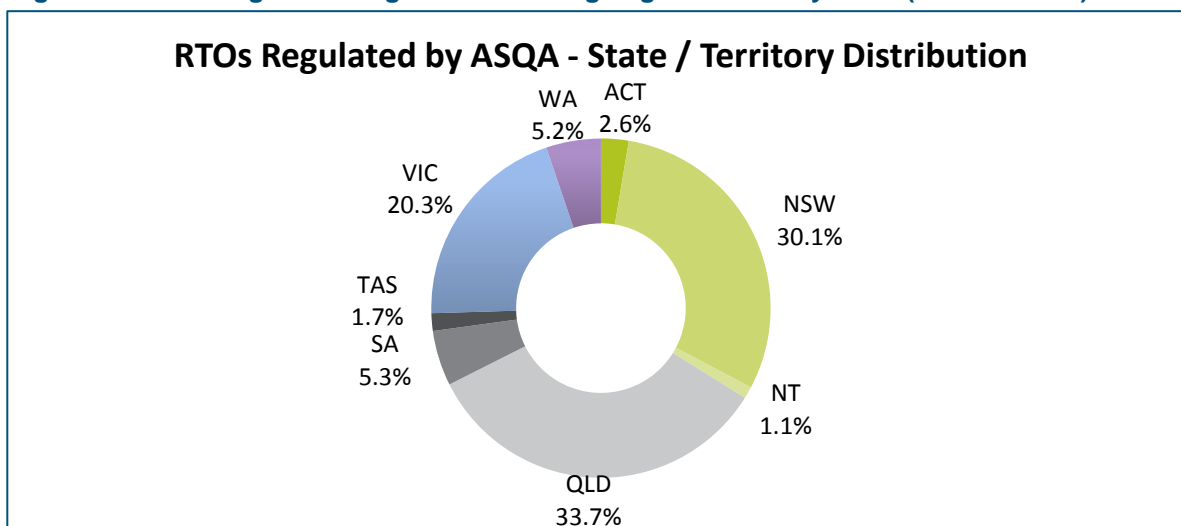
As at 30 June 2017 ASQA was responsible for the regulation of 4,098 of the 4,593 Registered Training Organisations (RTOs) nationally, this represents 89.2% of the total national provider market as shown in Figure 1. The Victorian Registration and Qualifications Authority (VRQA) and Western Australian Training Accreditation Council (WA TAC) regulate 5.5% and 5.3% of the national training provider market respectively (Figure 1).

**Figure 1: Regulators Market Share of Registered Training Organisations (30 June 2017)**



The heavy concentration of RTOs on the east coast (as shown in Figure 2) reflects historical activity and population density. It should be noted however that while the numbers are a raw count of individual RTOs, they do not reflect the size of the business of those providers.

**Figure 2: ASQA Regulated Registered Training Organisations by State (30 June 2017)**





## National Regulatory Activity: 1 July 2011 – 30 June 2017

In the period 1 July 2011 – 30 June 2017 ASQA received 39,825 applications from training organisations. As at 30 June 2017 some 39,027 (98.0%) of these applications had been finalised.

The *National Vocational Education and Training Regulator Act 2011* enables ASQA to conduct a compliance audit of a national VET regulator registered training organisation (NVR RTO) at any time, to assess whether the organisation complies with its requirements under the Act. Further, the Act requires ASQA to apply a risk management approach to performing such regulatory functions.

Other than audits conducted to assess a registration application, ASQA conducts audits to:

- monitor an NVR RTOs ongoing compliance following approval of initial registration;
- monitor an NVR RTOs compliance on identified risk exposure grounds; and
- investigate the substance of complaint allegations.

ASQA completed 7,857 audits between 1 July 2011 and 30 June 2017. A breakdown of completed audits by jurisdiction is provided in Table 1.



**Table 1: Audits completed by jurisdiction 1 July 2011 – 30 June 2017**

| State / Territory     | Audits Completed | % Total Completed Audits |
|-----------------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| ACT                   | 255              | 3.2%                     |
| NSW                   | 2123             | 27.0%                    |
| NT                    | 165              | 2.1%                     |
| QLD                   | 2360             | 30.0%                    |
| SA                    | 642              | 8.2%                     |
| TAS                   | 245              | 3.1%                     |
| VIC                   | 1379             | 17.6%                    |
| WA                    | 345              | 4.4%                     |
| Unassigned            | 343              | 4.4%                     |
| <b>National Total</b> | <b>7857</b>      | <b>100%</b>              |

New *Standards for Registered Training Organisations (RTOs) 2015* commenced on 1 January 2015 for new applicants to become RTOs and from 1 April for existing RTOs. The assessment results below relate to existing RTOs for the period 1 July 2016 to 30 June 2017, and show the difference in compliance levels with the Standards when audited and after a period of rectification has been made available.

**Table 2: Finalised Audits of providers 1 July 2016 – 30 June 2017 (new Standards)**

|                             | Initial Audit | After Rectification |
|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Fully Compliant             | 25.8%         | 53.4%               |
| At least one non-compliance | 74.2%         | 46.6%               |



While the figures in Table 3 below appear to indicate a drop in compliance (after rectification) since the new Standards came into effect, this decrease can be attributed to ASQA’s targeted audits of VET FEE-HELP providers and the Authority’s transition to a risk-based regulatory approach that better targets providers of concern.

**Table 3: Finalised audits of providers FY 2013-14 to 2016-17**

|                                    | Initial Audit          |                        |                        |                        | After Rectification    |                        |                        |                        |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
|                                    | 2013-14                | 2014-15                | 2015-16                | 2016-17                | 2013-14                | 2014-15                | 2015-16                | 2016-17                |
|                                    | <i>(old Standards)</i> | <i>(old Standards)</i> | <i>(new Standards)</i> | <i>(new Standards)</i> | <i>(old Standards)</i> | <i>(old Standards)</i> | <i>(new Standards)</i> | <i>(new Standards)</i> |
| <b>Fully Compliant</b>             | 23.9%                  | 24.7%                  | 18.2%                  | <b>25.8%</b>           | 77.8%                  | 82.4%                  | 70.9%                  | <b>53.4%</b>           |
| <b>At least One Non-Compliance</b> | 76.1%                  | 75.3%                  | 81.8%                  | <b>74.2%</b>           | 22.2%                  | 17.6%                  | 29.1%                  | <b>46.6%</b>           |

### Regulatory Decisions Following an Audit

ASQA’s audits from 1 July 2011 – 30 June 2017 resulted in ASQA making 1,041 decisions to refuse applications:

- 321 refusals of initial applications to set up a new NVR RTO (out of 1,984 completed applications);
- 213 refusals to re-register an existing NVR RTO (out of 3,806 completed applications); and
- 507 refusals to add a new course to a provider’s registration (out of 32,256 completed applications).

This means that some 16.2% of applications from organisations seeking to establish a new provider are refused, some 5.6% of applications from existing providers to re-register are being refused by ASQA, and 1.6% of completed applications to add a new course are also being refused.

In the same period ASQA made 1,780 regulatory decisions to: cancel (286); suspend (209); give written notices of intention to cancel/suspend (1,073); and impose another type of administrative sanction (212).



## State / Territory Breakdown of Regulatory Activity: 1 July 2011 – 30 June 2017

### Applications: Received and Completed

In the period 1 July 2011 – 30 June 2017 ASQA received 39,825 applications from training organisations. As at 30 June 2017 39,027 (98.0%) of these applications had been finalised.

On a State / Territory basis this equated to:

| <b>Table 4: Applications Received and Completed 1 July 2011 – 30 June 2017</b> |                 |                  |                    |
|--|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|
| <b>State / Territory</b>   | <b>Received</b> | <b>Completed</b> | <b>% Completed</b> |
| ACT  | 1,177           | 1,168            | 99.2%              |
| NSW  | 11,083          | 10,858           | 98.0%              |
| NT   | 649             | 645              | 99.4%              |
| QLD  | 10,606          | 10,388           | 97.9%              |
| SA   | 1,976           | 1,945            | 98.4%              |
| TAS  | 904             | 904              | 100.0%             |
| VIC  | 10,680          | 10,424           | 97.6%              |
| WA   | 2,738           | 2,684            | 98.0%              |
| No State   | 12              | 11               | 91.7%              |
| <b>National Total</b>  | <b>39,825</b>   | <b>39,027</b>    | <b>98.0%</b>       |

Over 80% of the applications received by ASQA come from NSW, QLD & VIC. Across all States and Territories the percentage of completed applications compared to received applications is broadly consistent.



### Decisions to Reject Applications

ASQA made 1,041 decisions to reject applications from 1 July 2011 – 30 June 2017:

- 321 rejections of initial applications to set up a new RTO;
- 213 rejections of applications to re-register an existing RTO; and
- 507 rejections of applications add a new course to a provider's registration.

On a State / Territory basis these rejections equated to:

| <b>Table 5: Decisions to Reject Applications 1 July 2011 – 30 June 2017</b> |                              |                         |
|---|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| <b>State / Territory</b>  | <b>Rejected Applications</b> | <b>% National Total</b> |
| ACT   | 18                           | 1.7%                    |
| NSW   | 449                          | 43.1%                   |
| NT  | 5                            | 0.5%                    |
| QLD   | 189                          | 18.2%                   |
| SA  | 36                           | 3.5%                    |
| TAS   | 15                           | 1.4%                    |
| VIC   | 287                          | 27.6%                   |
| WA  | 42                           | 4.0%                    |
| <b>National Total</b>   | <b>1,041</b>                 | <b>100.0%</b>           |

The majority of rejection decisions (88.9%) affected providers in NSW, QLD & VIC. This is unsurprising given that the majority of applications also come from these three States (i.e. over 80%).



### Regulatory Decisions

To 30 June 2017 ASQA made 1,838 regulatory decisions to, cancel (286), suspend (209), or give written notices of intention to cancel/suspend (1,111). ASQA also made 232 decisions to impose another type of administrative sanction.

On a State / Territory basis these regulatory decisions equated to:

**Table 6: Regulatory Decisions 1 July 2011 – 30 June 2017**

| <b>State / Territory</b> | <b>Regulatory Decisions</b> | <b>% National Total</b> |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| ACT                      | 51                          | 2.8%                    |
| NSW                      | 586                         | 31.9%                   |
| NT                       | 16                          | 0.9%                    |
| QLD                      | 539                         | 29.3%                   |
| SA                       | 99                          | 5.4%                    |
| TAS                      | 20                          | 1.1%                    |
| VIC                      | 445                         | 24.2%                   |
| WA                       | 82                          | 4.5%                    |
| <b>National Total</b>    | <b>1,838</b>                | <b>100.0%</b>           |

As with decisions to reject applications, the majority of regulatory decisions (85.4%) affected providers in NSW, QLD & VIC. Again, this is unsurprising given that the majority of applications – and RTOs – come from these three states.